

INVASIVE

Starry stonewort

Nitellopsis obtusa

KEYS TO ID

- Long, smooth branchlets are attached in whorls of 5 – 8 and branch asymmetrically at tips
- Stems are smooth
- Small, star-shaped bulbils form on clear threads at base of plant and may be found above or below the sediment surface
- Small, orange spheres called antheridia may be visible, these are male reproductive structures
- Branchlets typically several inches long, longer than *Chara* or *Nitella*
- Can fill water column and form surface mats

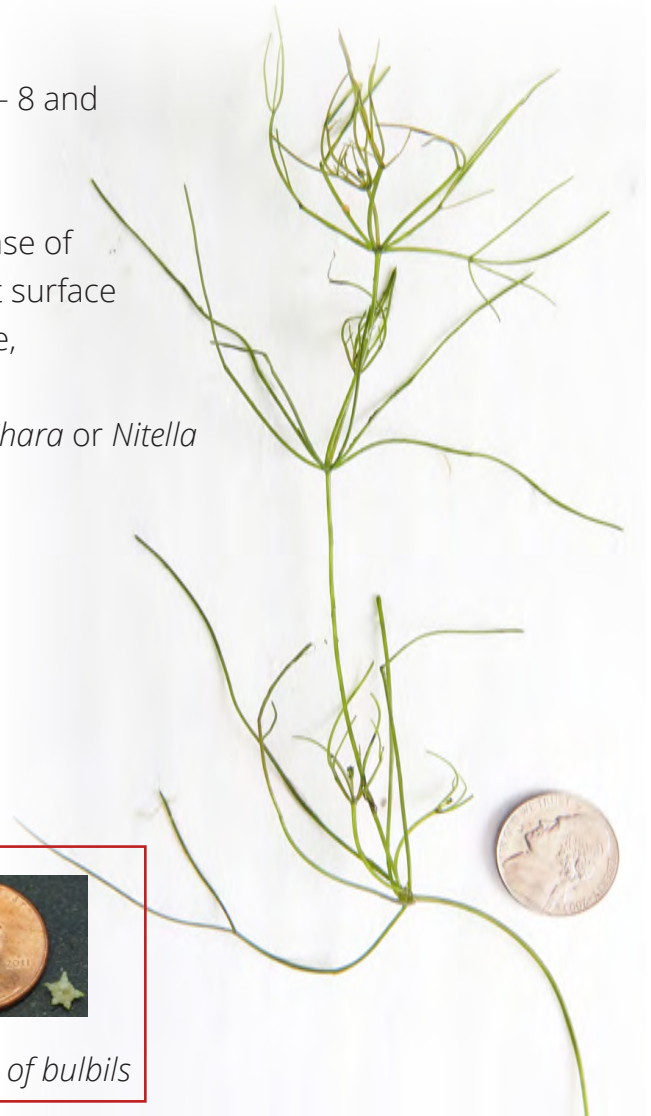
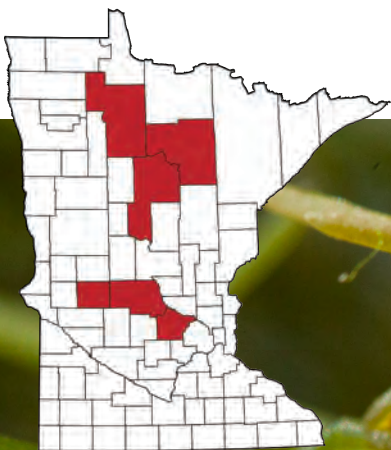
LOOKS SIMILAR TO

- Native *Chara* (native)
- Native *Nitella* (native)
- Sago pondweed (native)
- Water stargrass (native)

WHERE TO LOOK

- In shallow, still water and near accesses

CURRENTLY FOUND



Actual size of bulbils

Below: orange antheridia

